

**UTILITY  
PATENT APPLICATION  
TRANSMITTAL**  
(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No.	1807.0767
First Named Inventor or Application Identifier	
STEPHANE AMARGER	
Express Mail Label No.	

J0931 U S 09704804 pro  
11/03/00

**APPLICATION ELEMENTS**

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

- 1.  Fee Transmittal Form  
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)
- 2.  Applicant claims small entity status.  
See 37 CFR 1.27.
- 3.  Specification Total Pages **35**
- 4.  Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) Total Sheets **14**
- 5.  Oath or Declaration Total Pages
- a.  Newly executed (original or copy)
- b.  Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))  
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
  - i.  **DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)**  
Signed Statement attached deleting inventor(s)  
named in the prior application, see 37 CFR  
1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
- 6.  Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76

**ADDRESS TO:**

Commissioner for Patents  
Box Patent Application  
Washington, DC 20231

- 7.  CD-ROM or CD-R in duplicate, large table or Computer Program (Appendix)
- 8.  Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission  
(if applicable, all necessary)
  - a.  Computer Readable Form (CRF)
  - b. Specification Sequence Listing on:
    - i.  CD-ROM or CD-R (2 copies); or
    - ii.  paper
  - c.  Statements verifying identity of above copies

**ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS**

- 9.  Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
- 10.  37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement  
(when there is an assignee)  Power of Attorney
- 11.  English Translation Document (if applicable)
- 12.  Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449  Copies of IDS Citations
- 13.  Preliminary Amendment
- 14.  Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)  
(Should be specifically itemized)
- 15.  Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)  
(if foreign priority is claimed)
- 16.  Other: \_\_\_\_\_

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

Prior application information:  Continuation  Divisional  Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_  
Examiner \_\_\_\_\_ Group/Art Unit: \_\_\_\_\_

For CONTINUATION OR DIVISIONAL APPS only: The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which an oath or declaration is supplied under Box 5b, is considered a part of the disclosure of the accompanying continuation or divisional application and is hereby incorporated by reference. The incorporation can only be relied upon when a portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts.

**18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS**

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Customer Number or Bar Code Label	05514 (Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here)			<input type="checkbox"/> Correspondence address below
NAME _____				
Address _____				
City _____	State _____	Zip Code _____		
Country _____	Telephone _____	Fax _____		

+

CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(c))	59-20 =	39	X \$ 18.00 =	\$702.00
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(b))	3-3 =	0	X \$ 80.00 =	\$0.00
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if applicable) (37 CFR 1.16(d))			\$270.00 =	\$270.00
				BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a))	\$710.00
				Total of above Calculations =	\$1,682.00
	Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				
				TOTAL =	\$1,682.00

## 19. Small entity status

- a.  A small entity statement is enclosed
- b.  A small entity statement was filed in the prior nonprovisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
- c.  Is no longer claimed.

20.  A check in the amount of \$ 1,682.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.21.  A check in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the recordal fee is enclosed.

22. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit overpayments or charge the following fees to Deposit Account No. 06-1205:

- a.  Fees required under 37 CFR 1.16.
- b.  Fees required under 37 CFR 1.17.
- c.  Fees required under 37 CFR 1.18.

**SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED**

NAME	Leonard P. Diana (Reg. No. 29,296)
SIGNATURE	
DATE	November 2, 2000

## INVENTOR INFORMATION

Inventor One Given Name:: STÉPHANE  
Family Name:: AMARGER  
Postal Address Line One:: 47b, rue Martial Boudet  
Postal Address Line Two:: 92370  
City:: CHAVILLE  
Country:: France  
Country of Residence:: France  
Citizenship Country:: France

## CORRESPONDENCE INFORMATION

Correspondence Customer Number:: 05514  
Fax:: (212) 218-2200

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

Title Line One:: METHOD AND DEVICE FOR THE AUTOMATIC  
Title Line Two:: CONFIGURATION OF A PERIPHERAL FOR PROCESSING  
Title Line Three:: A COMPUTER DOCUMENT

Total Drawing Sheets:: 14  
Formal Drawings?:: Yes  
Application Type:: Utility  
Docket Number:: 1807.0767  
Secrecy Order in Parent Appl.?:: No

## REPRESENTATIVE INFORMATION

Representative Customer Number:: 5514

## PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATIONS

Foreign Application One:: 9913816  
Filing Date:: 11-04-99  
Country:: France  
Priority Claimed:: Yes

1807.0767

PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: )  
STÉPHANE AMARGER ) : Examiner: Not Yet Assigned  
Application No.: NYA ) : Group Art Unit: NYA  
Filed: Concurrently Herewith ) :  
For: METHOD AND DEVICE FOR )  
THE AUTOMATIC ) :  
CONFIGURATION OF A )  
PERIPHERAL FOR ) :  
PROCESSING A COMPUTER )  
DOCUMENT : November 2, 2000

Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Sir:

Prior to calculation of the filing fee, please  
amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend Claims 5-9, 11 and 18-31 as follows:

Claim 5, line 1, delete "or 4".

Claim 6, lines 1-2, change "one of the preceding  
claims" to --of Claims 1 to 3--.

Claim 7, line 2, change "6" to --3--.

8. (Amended) Automatic configuration method according to Claim [7 when it is dependent on Claim] 4, wherein said context data comprise data indicative of the type of content of said subparts of said computer document, and wherein said step of modifying the preconfigured order of processing of the subparts of the computer document is accomplished by the grouping together of said access data stored as a function of the type of orders contained in the corresponding stored group of orders, so that the subparts of the computer document whose content is faster to process by means of said computer peripheral are processed before the subparts whose content is slower to process, and wherein said grouping together of said stored access data is effected by the creation of sub-lists in said ordered list contained in said file of a second type.

Claim 9, line 1, delete "or 8".

Claim 11, line 1, delete "or 10".

Claim 18, line 2, change "to 17" to --or 15--.

Claim 19, line 2, change "to 18" to --or 15--.

Claim 20, lines 1-2, change "to 18" to --or 15--.

Claim 21, line 2, change "to 13" to --to 3--.

Claim 22, line 2, change "to 20" to --or 15--.

Claim 23, line 4, change "to 20" to --or 15--.

Claim 24, line 4, change "to 20" to --or 15--.

Claim 25, line 3, change "to 13" to --to 3--.

Claim 26, lines 2-3, change "to 20" to --or 15--.

Claim 27, line 2, change "to 13" to --to 3--.

Claim 28, line 2, change "to 20" to --or 15--.

Claim 29, line 2, change "to 13" to --to 3--.

Claim 30, line 2, change "to 20" to --or 15--.

Claim 31, line 4, change "to 13" to --to 3--.

REMARKS

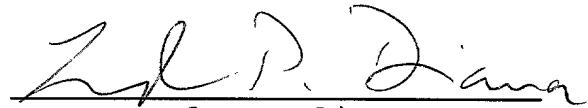
The foregoing amendments are presented to place the claims in proper multiply-dependent form. Claims 1-31 are pending in this application.

Favorable consideration and early passage to issue are respectfully requested.

Applicant's undersigned attorney may be reached in our New York office by telephone at (212) 218-2100. All

correspondence should continue to be directed to our below  
listed address.

Respectfully submitted,

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Attorney for Applicant

Registration No. 78 286

FITZPATRICK, CELLA, HARPER & SCINTO  
30 Rockefeller Plaza  
New York, New York 10112-3801  
Facsimile: (212) 218-2200

NY\_MAIN 123637v1

CRF-162/163  
CFP 767 US  
BIF021957 US

# PATENT

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## APPLICANT

Stephane AMARGER

## TITLE

"Method and device for the automatic configuration of a peripheral for  
processing a computer document"

## PRIORITY CLAIM

French Patent Application  
No 9913816 of November 4, 1999

5

10           The present invention concerns a method and device for the automatic configuration of a computer peripheral for processing a computer document. In particular the invention aims to optimise the order of processing of sub-parts of a computer document by a computer peripheral.

15           Computer systems generally have one or more processing peripherals which can be seen as computer tools for processing computer documents, and notably the acquisition, transfer or representation of computer data.

The computer documents processed by these peripherals are mostly segmented into unitary processing sub-parts, for example display pages.

20           Thus, by way of example, the case can be taken of a printer. If it is a case of a printer of the "recto" type, a unitary processing sub-part comprises a single page of the computer document. On the other hand, if it is a case of a printer of the "recto-verso" type, a unitary processing sub-part comprises two successive pages of the computer document.

25           For reasons of simplification of vocabulary, the term "page" is hereinafter taken to mean a unitary processing sub-part for the peripheral under consideration.

These pages are ordered in the document in a precise order in the same way as the pages of a book.

The processing peripherals such as printers, facsimile machines or scanners etc., process the pages of the computer documents sequentially in a preconfigured order. In general this order is the logical order of display of the pages in the computer document, that is to say the increasing order of the  
5 pages.

However, this order of pre-configured processing of the pages of a computer document by the peripheral is not always suited to the manipulation of the result of the processing by the user.

For example, a printer usually prints the pages of a computer  
10 document in the logical order, that is to say in increasing order of the pages. It is also desirable for the manipulation of the printed document, i.e. the result of the processing, to be made as simple as possible for a user, so as to enable him to use all or part of the printed document as quickly as possible.

However, in practice, with a certain type of printer such as so-called "inkjet" printers or those known as "bubblejet" printers, the printed pages of the document are stacked up on top of each other with the printed face upwards. This has the result of reversing the order of the pages in the printed document compared with the logical order of the pages in the computer document.  
15 The user must then make tedious manipulations of the printed document in order to put the printed pages back in the correct order.  
20

Moreover, it is seen that, with many types of printer, the speed of printing of the pages varies according to their content: text, image or graphics. This consequently obliges the user to wait until the pages with the longest printing time and which are interposed between text pages, are printed, before  
25 being able to recover the text pages which follow and which often contain more useful information.

Thus, in practice, as illustrated by means of the above examples, it is seen that the order of preconfigured processing of the pages of a computer document by a processing peripheral is not always suitable, having regard to the characteristics of functioning of the peripheral or the content of the  
30 computer document, for optimum use of the result of the processing by a user.

The present invention aims to remedy these drawbacks.

To this end, the present invention concerns a method for the automatic configuration of a computer peripheral for the processing of a computer document. The computer document is segmented into a plurality of unitary sub-parts for processing by the peripheral. The sub-parts of the 5 document are processed sequentially by the peripheral in a preconfigured order of processing.

According to the invention, this automatic configuration method comprises the following steps:

- acquiring so-called context data relating to a processing context 10 of the computer document, the processing context being defined by the content of said subparts and/or by the operating characteristics of the computer peripheral;
- testing the context data in order to determine the validity of at least one predetermined condition relating to these context data; 15
- modifying the preconfigured order of processing of the sub-parts of the computer document, this modification step being implemented if at least one predetermined condition is determined as being valid.

By modifying the preconfigured order of processing, the configuration method makes it possible to adapt in an appropriate fashion to 20 the processing context the order of processing of the sub-parts of the computer document by the computer peripheral.

The modification of the configuration is transparent to the user as soon as the latter has triggered the processing of a computer document.

Through the verification of a certain number of predetermined 25 conditions, this modification makes it possible to take into account the content of the document and/or the functional characteristics of the computer peripheral so as to optimise the order of processing of the sub-parts of the computer document.

According to a preferred embodiment in which the processing of 30 the computer document includes a step of generating the orders necessary to the processing and a step of translating these orders by means of a driver for the computer peripheral, in accordance with the invention, the automatic

configuration method includes, prior to the step of acquiring the context data, the following steps:

- temporarily storing these orders grouped together by sub-part of the computer document, thus forming a plurality of groups of stored orders,
- 5 each group being associated with an access data item affording memory access to this group by the driver; and
  - temporarily storing the access data associated with these groups of orders, the access data being stored in a predetermined order, which conditions the preconfigured order of processing of the sub-parts of the computer document by the peripheral.
- 10

In addition, in this preferred embodiment, according to the invention, the step of modifying the preconfigured order of processing of the sub-parts of the computer document is effected by modifying the predetermined order of the stored access data.

- 15 The configuration method makes it possible to modify the configuration of the processing peripheral before the orders are translated by the driver for this peripheral, that is to say transformed so as to be able to be read and implemented by this peripheral.

- 20 In practice, each of the groups of orders stored per sub-part of the computer document is stored in a file. In this case, the access data can consist of access paths to these files.

Likewise, provision can be made, independently of the method of storing the groups of orders, for storing the data for access to the groups of stored orders, also in a file.

- 25 In this case, the access data are stored in the form of an ordered list.

Thus the manipulation and sequencing of the access data can easily be carried out.

- According to a particularly advantageous aspect of the preferred embodiment, the processing context data which are acquired comprise data relating to at least one functional characteristic of the computer peripheral, by means of which, when the associated predetermined condition is satisfied, the result is that, at the end of the processing, the sub-parts of the computer

document are ordered in a reverse order compared with the preconfigured processing order. In this case, the aforementioned step of modifying the preconfigured order of processing of the sub-parts of the computer document is accomplished by reversing the predetermined order of the stored access data.

5 Thus the user does not have to perform a tedious manipulation of the document processed in order to put the sub-parts of the document back in the correct order. Reversal of the sub-parts of the document, once processed, is carried out in a manner which is transparent to the user.

10 In another particularly advantageous aspect of the preferred embodiment, which can be combined with the aspect mentioned above, the context data comprise data indicative of the type of content of the sub-parts of the computer document. In this case, the step of modifying the preconfigured order of processing of the sub-parts of the computer document is accomplished by the grouping together of the said access data stored as a function of the  
15 type of orders contained in the corresponding stored group of orders.

The order of processing of the sub-parts of the document by the peripheral is automatically modified as a function of the content of the sub-parts, so that the sub-parts comprising orders which take longer to process are processed before those which are faster to process.

20 In practice, when the access data are stored in a file in the form of an ordered list, the grouping together of the said access data is performed by the creation of sub-lists in this ordered list.

Thus the grouping together of the access data is made easy, the access data constituting the components of a list.

25 According to a characteristic which is preferred when provision is made for the context data to comprise data indicative of the type of content of the sub-parts of the computer document, the step of acquiring context data is preceded by a step of analysing the content of the sub-parts of the computer document.

30 Thus the context data indicative of the content of the sub-parts of the document are automatically obtained.

In practice, the step of analysing the content of the sub-parts of the computer document is implemented by analysing the orders contained in

the groups of stored orders associated with the sub-parts of the computer document.

In a particularly practical manner, when it is a case of depicting a document on a screen or by printing on a paper medium, the temporary storage 5 step is adapted to store graphical orders, and the analysis step includes the following sub-steps:

- seeking the existence or not of open graphical functions;
- seeking the existence or not of closed graphical functions;
- seeking the existence or not of bitmap mode representations;

10 and

- seeking the existence or not of text functions.

The invention also concerns a device for the automatic configuration of a computer peripheral for processing a computer document, the computer document being segmented into a plurality of unitary sub-parts for 15 processing by the peripheral, the sub-parts being processed sequentially by the peripheral in a preconfigured order of processing.

According to the invention, this device comprises:

- means of acquiring so-called context data relating to a processing context of the computer document, said processing context being defined by the content of the subparts and/or by the operating characteristics of the computer peripheral;
- means of testing the context data in order to determine the validity of at least one predetermined condition relating to the context data;
- means of modifying the preconfigured order of processing of the 25 sub-parts of the computer document, the modification means being used in response to the test means when the latter determine the validity of at least one predetermined condition, in order thus to adapt, in a manner appropriate to the processing context, the order of processing of the sub-parts of the computer document by the computer peripheral.

30 In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the processing peripheral is a printer or facsimile machine.

The present invention also concerns a computer, a printer and a data acquisition system comprising a configuration device according to the

invention or means adapted to implement the configuration method according to the invention.

The present invention also concerns a computer communication network including at least one computer and a peripheral for processing a 5 computer document connected to the computer via the network, this computer comprising a configuration device according to the invention.

The invention also relates to a computer program on an information carrier, such as a diskette or a compact disc, characterised in that it implements the configuration method according to the invention, and a storage 10 medium, such as a diskette or compact disc, intended to be read by a data processing system, characterised in that it contains instructions of a program whose execution by the processing system implements the automatic configuration method according to the invention.

The advantages of this device, this computer, this data acquisition 15 system, this network, this computer program and this storage medium are identical to those of the method as succinctly disclosed above.

Other particularities and advantages of the invention will also emerge from the following description.

In the accompanying drawings, given by way of non-limitative 20 examples:

- Figure 1 illustrates a computer communication network adapted to implement the invention;

- Figure 2 illustrates a computer configuration device according to one embodiment of the invention;

25 - Figure 3 depicts schematically a computer adapted to implement the configuration method according to the invention;

- Figure 4 depicts a flow diagram illustrating in general terms the method for the automatic configuration of the order of processing of the pages of a computer document by a computer peripheral, according to the present 30 invention;

- Figure 5 depicts schematically the structure of an SPL file in accordance with the Windows® operating system.

- Figure 6 depicts a general flow diagram illustrating the method for the automatic configuration of a printer allowing optimisation of the order of printing of the pages of a computer document in conformity with a preferred embodiment of the invention;

5 - Figure 7 depicts a flow diagram detailing steps S23 and S24 of the general flow diagram depicted in Figure 6 according to a first example embodiment or process of reversing the pages according to the type of printer;

- Figure 8 illustrates how the page reversal process of Figure 7 occurs on an SPL file;

10 - Figure 9 depicts a flow diagram detailing steps S23 and S24 of the general flow diagram depicted in Figure 6 according to a second example embodiment or process of rearrangement of the pages according to their content;

15 - Figure 10 depicts a flow diagram illustrating the method of creating sub-lists of access paths to the EMF files in the SPL file;

- Figure 11 illustrates in which way the process of arranging pages according to their content acts on the SPL file;

- Figure 12 depicts a flow diagram detailing the method of analysing the content of an EMF file in conformity with the invention;

20 - Figure 13 depicts a flow diagram illustrating the automatic configuration method in accordance with the invention in which the process of reversing the pages according to the type of printer and the arrangement of the pages according to their content are combined according to a third example embodiment of the invention;

25 - Figure 14 illustrates the processing carried out on the SPL file by the application of the combination of the processes of reversal and arrangement of the pages according to their content, according to the third example embodiment of the invention.

A description will first of all be given, with reference to Figure 1, of  
30 a communication network adapted to implement the invention. This network 1 includes several computers 10, 11, 12 connected together by a network 16 of a particular type, for example by an Ethernet network.

Processing peripherals can be connected to these computers in order to implement different types of processing of a document.

In this example, the processing peripherals are printers 13, 14.

Naturally, other processing peripherals could be connected to the  
5 network 1, and notably a facsimile machine, a modem, a scanner, an electronic whiteboard including or connected to a printer, and more generally any device for acquiring or depicting computer data.

These peripherals can be connected to the network 1 either directly like the printer 14, or through a computer 11 like the printer 13. The  
10 connections used for connecting the peripherals to the network 1 and to the computers are of appropriate types normal in computer networks: serial, parallel or SCSI ("Small Computer Simple Interface").

This first network 1 can itself be connected to a second network 2 which also includes a certain number of computers 20, 21, 22 and printers 23,  
15 24 as processing peripherals.

The computers 12, 22 in the two networks 1, 2 are connected respectively to a modem 15, 25 which are themselves connected by means of a network 3, and by way of non-limitative example via a switch 4 which is situated at an Access Provider common to the two networks 1, 2.

20 This structure enables the two networks 1, 2 to communicate so that a user of a first network 1 can use the components and notably the peripherals of the second network 2 as if they belonged physically to the first network, and vice-versa.

For example, a document stored on the computer 11 of the first  
25 network can not only be printed on the printers 13 or 14 of the first network but also on the printers 23 or 24 of the second network.

A description will now be given of the structure of the automatic configuration device which can be incorporated in one or more of the computers 10, 11, 12, 20, 21, 22 of the communication networks 1, 2 described  
30 above.

This automatic configuration device 30, as illustrated in **Figure 2**, makes it possible to configure a computer peripheral for the processing of a computer document.

In the remainder of the description, the peripheral most often  
5 considered non-limitatively is a printer 31.

In a known manner, a printer 31 is controlled by a driver 32, which  
is a software module which is situated in a computer system including a  
processor, such as a computer. This module is dedicated to communication  
with another system having its operating software for performing a set of  
10 elementary operations.

The driver 32 thus translates a complex operation required by a  
high-level software application into a set of elementary operations which can be  
executed by the printer. The driver thus effects a translation of a set of orders,  
for example graphical orders sent by a graphical order manager 33, into a set of  
15 codes which can be read by the computer 31.

The configuration of a driver 32 amounts to fixing the value of  
each parameter of this translation. These parameters concern for example the  
translation of the character font of a text into a series of dots able to be formed  
by the printer 31, or the colour palette of a document into a colour palette of the  
20 printer 31.

This configuration of the driver 32 is thus stored in storage means  
34 for the configuration of the printer 31.

The configuration device has means 35 for the temporary storage  
of orders, here graphical orders.

25 These orders are of the type "draw a line", "draw an ellipse", "draw  
a representation in bitmap mode" for example.

These temporary storage means 35 are adapted to store orders  
grouped together by page of the computer document to be printed.

For example, in a computer system managed under the operating  
30 system known as Windows® from Microsoft, the graphical orders sent by an  
application are received by a graphical order manager (referred to as GDI in

Windows<sup>®</sup>) and stored in EMF files (Enhanced MetaFiles), each file corresponding to a document page.

- An SPL file ("Spool File") is also created in order to list all the references or data for access to the existing EMF files for the document and
- 5 also store the configuration of the driver 32 as parameterised at the time when the application initiates the printing of the document.

Thus, in Windows<sup>®</sup>, the means of storing the configuration 34 are incorporated in the SPL file.

- Typically, these access data are composed, for each EMF file, of
- 10 the file name and the path to gain access to it.

In the SPL file, all the EMF file access data are listed in the form of a list of elements. The elements in this list being ordered according to the order of the pages in the computer document.

- Conventionally, a print manager 36 (referred to as Print Processor
- 15 under Windows<sup>®</sup>) recovers the graphical orders stored in the EMF files by means of the access data listed in the SPL file, and sends them in blocks to the graphical order manager 33, which in its turn transmits them to the driver 32.

- The print manager 36 first of all reads the data for access to the
- EMF file containing the graphical orders of the first page of the computer
- 20 document, and then continues with the access data corresponding to the orders of the previous page and continues thus as far as the access data corresponding to the orders of the last page. Thus it recovers and sends the graphical orders to the graphical order manager 33 in blocks corresponding to the pages of the computer document in the order of these pages in the
- 25 computer document.

The driver 32 translates these orders in the form of codes, from the configuration as stored in the SPL file. The codes are returned to the graphical order manager 33 and are then sent to the printer 31, which can thus effect the printing proper of the document.

Thus it can be considered that the printer is preconfigured in order to print the pages of the computer document in the logical order of the pages in the document.

Naturally, in a printing system in which there is no temporary storage of the graphical orders in EMF files, the configuration device according to the invention has specific means of storing graphical orders which stem from the application.

In the scope of the description of the present invention, the processing context of said computer document is defined by the computer peripheral in question, for example a printer, as including information relating to the types of data – for example text, image, graphics or a combination of these types – contained in the pages of the computer document, as well as information concerning functional characteristics of the computer peripheral.

If it is a case of a printer, these functional characters can be:

- 15 - a printer of the "inkjet" type or "bubblejet" type;
- a printer of the type printing "recto-verso";
- etc.

In accordance with the invention, the configuration device also has means of acquiring data relating to the context of the processing of the computer document by the printer.

These means of acquiring data relating to the context are preferably incorporated in the print manager 36 (Print Processor under Windows<sup>®</sup>).

In this preferred embodiment, the general means of acquiring data relating to the processing context are subdivided into:

- means of analysing the content of the computer document from the orders stored in the EMF files;
- means of acquiring predefined functional characteristics of the printer.

In practical terms, when it is a question of representing a document, on a screen or by printing on a paper medium, the stored orders are graphical orders, and the analysis means are adapted to seek the existence or not of open graphical functions, closed graphical functions, representations in 5 bitmap mode and text functions.

Functional characteristics as cited above can be obtained by consulting the printer driver 32.

According to the invention, the configuration device has means of testing the data relating to the context of the processing of the computer 10 document, these data previously having been acquired by the aforementioned acquisition means.

In the embodiment chosen and depicted, these context data testing means are preferably incorporated in the print manager 36.

The results of the testing are compared with predetermined 15 conditions. These conditions are for example:

- "the printer is of the inkjet type";
- "the printer is of the bubblejet type";
- "the printer is of the recto-verso type";
- "the computer document contains only text";
- "the computer document contains text and images";
- "the computer document contains text and graphics";
- etc.

In practical terms, these conditions are stored in the code of the program 5100 in the ROM 51. As a variant, these conditions can be supplied 25 by a user through an adapted interface.

According to the invention, at the end of the test carried out by the testing means, the conditions which are satisfied are determined.

Likewise, the configuration device has modification means adapted to modify the preconfigured order of processing of the pages of the computer document by the printer.

These modification means are preferably also incorporated in the  
5 print manager 36.

In this embodiment, the preconfigured order of processing is modified by acting on the order in the list of the SPL file of the data for access to the files containing the graphical orders grouped together by page of the computer document.

10 The order of the access data in the SPL file is modified according to the result of the test carried out by the testing means, that is to say according to the validity of the predetermined conditions.

15 The way in which this order is modified according to the validity of the predetermined conditions will be detailed below, in relation to the description of the method implemented by the device according to the invention.

All the aforementioned means of the configuration device are incorporated in a computer 11 as illustrated in **Figure 3**.

20 More precisely, the configuration device is incorporated in a microprocessor 50 (CPU), a read only memory 51 (ROM) being adapted to store a program 5100 for automatically configuring a peripheral for processing a computer document, and a random access memory 52 (RAM) containing registers 5200 for storing the variables modified during the running of this program.

25 This microprocessor 50 is integrated into the computer 11, which can be connected to different peripherals, for example a printer 13 or a facsimile machine 17, by means of an input/output card 60, in order to be able to process the documents, and notably to print them.

30 This computer 11 has a communication interface 61 connected to the communication network 16 in order to transfer or receive documents via the

network 1 and receive or send information. The computer 11 can, through the network 16, be connected to another printer 14.

The computer 11 also has document storage means, such as a hard disk 56, or is adapted to cooperate, by means of a disk drive 57, a 5 compact disc drive 58 or a computer card reader 59, with removable document storage means, respectively diskettes 7, compact discs 8 (CD-ROMs) or computer cards 9 (PC Cards).

These fixed or removable storage means can also contain the code of the configuration method according to the invention which, once read 10 by the microprocessor 50, will be stored in the hard disk 56.

By way of variant, the program enabling the configuration device to implement the invention can be stored in the read only memory 51.

In a second variant, the program can be received in order to be stored as described previously by means of the communication network 16.

15 The computer 11 also has a screen 53 serving for example as an interface with a user 37 by means of a keyboard 54 or a mouse 55 or any other means.

20 The central processing unit 50 will execute the instructions relating to the implementation of the invention. On powering up, the programs and methods relating to the invention stored in a non-volatile memory, for example the read only memory 51, are transferred into the random access memory 52, which will then contain the executable code of the invention as well as the variables necessary for implementing the invention.

25 The random access memory 52 thus contains registers for the temporary storage of the graphical orders and for storing the configuration of the driver 32.

30 The read only memory 51 can store all the prerecorded configurations 38 as well as the code of the program to be executed in order to automatically configure the order of processing of the pages of the computer document.

A communication bus 62 affords communication between the different sub-elements of the computer 11. The representation of the bus 62 is not limitative and notably the microprocessor 50 is able to communicate instructions to any sub-element directly or by means of another sub-element.

- 5 A description will now be given of the method of automatic configuration of the computer peripheral used by this device with reference to Figures 4 to 13.

- 10 **Figure 4** illustrates in general terms the method of automatic configuration of the order of processing of the pages (or unitary processing sub-parts) of a computer document.

In order to begin the processing of a computer document by a computer peripheral, the user in general commences by selecting (S1) the computer document. This document contains a certain number  $n$  of pages.

- 15 The user continues by selecting (S3) the computer peripheral for the processing in question. For example, if the peripheral is a printer, it may be a case of a local printer for the computer in which the document is stored.

- 20 At step S5, the means of acquiring data relating to the context of the processing (hereinafter referred to as "context data") are used to acquire these data. As explained previously, these context data can include data 40 relating to the content of the computer document, and data 41 concerning functional characteristics of the computer peripheral.

- 25 The following step S6 is the step of testing the context of the processing characterised by the context data obtained at the previous step. As explained previously, the context is tested with respect to the predetermined conditions 43 (hereinafter referred to by the expression "context conditions") which relate to the content of the computer document and/or to the functional characteristics of the peripheral.

- 30 The following step S9 is a decision step in which it is determined whether at least one of the context conditions 43 has been tested as being valid. In the negative, the process of processing the computer document continues normally (S13), keeping the order of processing of the pages of the document which is preconfigured in the peripheral.

Conversely, in the affirmative, at step S11, the preconfigured order of processing the pages of the computer document is modified in accordance with the present invention, in order to adapt in an appropriate manner, to the context of the processing, the order of processing of the pages 5 of the computer document by the computer peripheral.

Finally, at step S13, the normal process of processing the computer document continues but this time with an order of processing of the pages of the document which is modified compared with the preconfigured order.

10 A description will be given below of the automatic configuration according to a preferred embodiment of the invention.

With reference to **Figure 5**, the structure of an SPL file in accordance with the Windows® operating system is described schematically.

An SPL file 500 in accordance with the Windows® operating 15 system comprises a header area 510 which contains the parameters related to the physical configuration of the printer.

This header area 510 is followed by a data area 520 which contains the list of access data. These access data are in reality the paths to the EMF files which enable the print manager 36 to recover the graphical orders 20 stored in the EMF files. Each EMF file contains the graphical orders corresponding to a page of the computer document to be printed. These access paths are presented symbolically in the figure by the character "@".

With reference to **Figure 6**, a description will now be given of the preferred implementation of the automatic configuration method illustrated in 25 general terms in Figure 4. In this preferred mode, the peripheral is a printer and implementing the method makes it possible to optimise the order of printing of the pages of a computer document.

In Figure 6, when the user initiates the printing of a document 50 containing n pages by a printer, for example a local printer for the computer on 30 which the document is stored, the graphical orders are sent by the application to the driver 32 for the printer 31, by means of the graphical order manager 33, with a view to the translation of these orders by the pilot 32.

Before this step, the configuration method according to the invention includes a step of temporary storage S21 of the graphical orders.

In Windows®, this step is implemented by storing the graphical orders in EMF files 65. These files thus form a buffer which makes it possible 5 to release the application throughout the printing and notably whilst the driver is processing the graphical orders sent to it.

The graphical orders are thus grouped together by page of the computer document.

At step S22, the access paths (@1 ... @n) of the EMF files 10 associated with each of the pages (1 to n) of the document 50 to be printed are then temporarily stored in the SPL file 500 in the form of an ordered list 520 (Fig. 5). This list is hereinafter referred to as "*List @*".

At this stage, the order of processing of the pages (*Order\_Tr*) is preconfigured by the sequencing of the paths to the EMF files in the SPL file.

15 At the following step S23, it is tested whether at least one predetermined condition 43 relating to the context of the printing is valid, the context being tested through previously acquired context data 66.

The result of the test (67) of step S23 is then examined at the following step S24, so as to determine whether or not it is necessary to modify 20 the preconfigured order of printing of the pages (*Order\_Tr* = (1, ..., n)).

If at least one predetermined condition is valid, the order of processing of the pages is modified in an appropriate fashion by acting on the sequencing of the paths in the list (*List @*) of the SPL file.

Finally, the normal printing process continues with this modified 25 order (step S25).

The list (*List @*) of the paths to the EMF files, and the order of printing of the pages (*Order\_Tr*), are stored in the registers 5200 of the RAM 52 (Fig. 3) when the program is run.

With the help of Figure 7 et seq, 9 et seq, 13 et seq, a description will now be given of the functioning of the method of Figure 6 with three examples of context data.

With reference to **Figure 7**, a description will now be given of the 5 first example embodiment in which the modification of the order of printing of the pages of a computer document is conditioned by functional characteristics of the printer. The flow diagram presented in Figure 7 details steps S23 and S24 of the general flow diagram depicted in Figure 6.

According to this first example embodiment, referred to here as 10 the "process of reversing the pages according to the type of printer" (S200), as before, the first step is to obtain an SPL file in which is situated the list (*List @*) 520 of the access paths corresponding to the EMF files containing the graphical orders by page of the computer document to be printed.

As stated at the start of the present description, it is known that 15 the majority of printers of the inkjet (IJ) type or bubblejet (BJ) type reverse the order of the pages in the printed document. This is due to the fact that, with this type of printer, the pages of the printed document are stacked one on top of the other with the printed face upwards.

It is therefore desirable for this type of printer to automatically 20 configure the order of printing of pages of the computer document so that the document is directly printed with the pages in the correct order.

For this purpose, at step S230 of Figure 7, the condition "the printer is of the inkjet (IJ) type or the printer is of the bubblejet (BJ) type" is tested. The context data 66 concerning this functional characteristic of the 25 printer were previously obtained by the means of acquisition of functional characteristics of the printer from the printer driver.

At step S231 which follows, it is examined whether the aforementioned condition is valid or not. In the negative, the normal printing process continues (step S25) in a normal fashion without modification of the 30 preconfigured order of printing of the pages.

On the other hand, if the printer is either a printer of the inkjet (IJ) type or a printer of the bubblejet (BJ) type then the order of the paths in the list

(List @) of the SPL file is reversed at step S232. Then the normal process of printing continues with this reversed order of the paths in the SPL file.

Thus the order of printing of the pages of the computer document by the printer will be reversed and the printed document will be immediately usable by the user.

Figure 8 illustrates schematically how the process of reversing the pages S200 described in relation to Figure 7 acts on the SPL file.

The SPL file 500 contains, before processing by the method according to the invention, a list of paths giving access to the EMF paths containing the graphical orders corresponding to the pages of a computer document containing n pages, to be printed. This list contains the access paths @ in increasing order of the pages, from page 1 to page n (from the start of the data area of the SPL file to the end of it).

The process of reversing the order of the pages S200 is applied to the SPL file 500 as described previously in relation to Figure 7, the SPL file 600 thus modified comprises a list of access paths @ reversed with respect to the initial SPL file.

Thus the print manager 36 will supply to the graphical order manager 33 the graphical orders by blocks corresponding to the pages of the document, commencing with the last page of the document (page n).

With reference to Figure 9, a description will now be given of a second example embodiment in which the modification of the order of printing of the pages of the computer document is conditioned by the content of the pages of the computer document to be printed. The flow diagram presented in Figure 9 also details steps S23 and S24 of the general flow diagram depicted in Figure 6 in accordance with the second example embodiment described below.

In this second example embodiment, referred to here as the "process of arranging the order of the pages according to their content" S300, as before, the first step is to obtain an SPL file in which is situated the list (List @) 520 of the paths corresponding to the EMF files containing the graphical orders by page of the computer document to be printed.

For this purpose, at step S330, a condition relating to the content of the computer document is tested.

In the example embodiment described, so as to simplify the disclosure of the invention, this condition is as follows: "the computer document to be printed contains text and images".

5 The context data 66 concerning the content of the pages of the computer document have previously been obtained by the means of analysing the content of the computer document from orders stored in the EMF files.

The method used by the means of analysing the content of the computer document will be detailed below in the description, in relation to Figure 12.

10 At step S331 which follows, it is examined whether or not the aforementioned condition is valid. In the negative, the normal printing process continues (step S25) in a normal fashion without modification of the preconfigured order of the order of printing of the pages.

15 On the other hand, if the context data indicate that the computer document contains text and images (in bitmap mode), then the order of processing of the pages by the printer must be modified.

20 This is carried out at step S332, in which, in the list (*List @*) of the paths giving access to the EMF files, groupings of these paths are carried out according to the type of order contained in these files. The type of order contained in an EMF file is defined according to pre-established criteria.

Thus sub-lists of paths will be created, these sub-lists being ordered in the SPL file so that the pages whose content is printed more rapidly (text) are printed before the pages whose content is printed more slowly (images).

25 Thus, considering the following condition: "the computer document to be printed contains text and images", two sub-lists will therefore be created:

- a first sub-list containing the paths to the EMF files containing only orders of the "text" type;

30 - a second sub-list containing the paths to the EMF files which contain orders of the "image" type.

The first sub-list will be read firstly by the print manager 36, the second sub-list will be read thereafter.

In general terms, as many sub-lists can be provided as there are types of content in the pages of the computer document, and these sub-lists  
5 can be ordered in the SPL file so that the pages whose content is processed more rapidly by the computer peripheral in question are processed before those whose content is processed less rapidly.

With reference to **Figure 10**, details will now be given of the method of creating, in the SPL file, sub-lists of paths to the EMF files according  
10 to criteria relating to the type of order contained in the EMF files.

As before, the first step is to obtain an SPL file 500 in which there is the list (*List @*) 520 of the paths corresponding to the EMF files containing the graphical orders by page of the computer document to be printed.

A certain number of criteria 68 are also provided, for example in  
15 the form of a list in an electronic file. As a variant, these criteria can be coded in the code of the configuration program 5100. In another variant, the criteria can be supplied by a user through an adapted interface.

These criteria relate to the type of order contained in the EMF files. For example, these criteria may be:

- 20            - Criterion 1: "file containing only orders of the text type";  
          - Criterion 2: "file containing only orders of the image type";  
          - Criterion 3: "file containing orders of the text type and image type";  
          - etc.

25            At step S100 the first criterion is selected amongst the criteria to be examined (68). It is a case then of creating a sub-list in the SPL file of the paths corresponding to the EMF files satisfying the selected criterion ("current criterion").

At the following step S101, the first EMF file is selected from the  
30 first path in the list of paths (*List @*, 520).

At step S102, it is determined whether or not the selected EMF file ("current EMF file") satisfies the chosen criterion. In the negative, step S104 is passed to directly in order to determine whether the current EMF file is the last EMF file, that is to say the one in which the orders correspond to the last page  
5 of the computer document to be printed.

Conversely, if the EMF file satisfies the current criterion, step S103 is passed to, in which the path  $\text{@}(file)$  corresponding to the current EMF file is put in the sub-list associated with the current criterion:  $\text{sub-list}(\text{criterion})$ .

10 The path (" $\text{@}(file)$ ") associated with a particular EMF file, the sub-lists (" $\text{sub-list}(\text{criterion})$ ") established from the given different criteria, are stored in the registers 5200 of the RAM 52 during the running of the program.

Next step S104 is passed to in order to determine whether the current EMF file is the last EMF file. In the negative, the following EMF file  
15 (S105) is selected, and then it is determined once again whether the current EMF file satisfies the current criterion (S102).

On the other hand, if the current EMF file is the last file to be examined, step S106 is passed to, in which the sub-list associated with the current criterion is extracted.

20 At the following step S107, it is determined whether the current criterion is the last criterion of the list of criteria (68). In the negative, the following criterion is selected at S108 and the process recommences with this new criterion.

Conversely, if the current criterion is the last criterion in the list 68,  
25 the final step S109 is passed to, in which the sub-lists obtained as explained above are ordered in the SPL file.

The sub-lists of paths are ordered so that the pages which are printed most rapidly having regard to their content are printed first.

For example, in the present case, the sub-list corresponding to criterion 1 ("text only") will be the first in the SPL file, the one corresponding to  
30 criterion 3 ("image and text") will be in the second position, and the one corresponding to criterion 2 ("image only") will be placed in the last position.

**Figure 11** illustrates schematically how the process of arranging the pages according to their content (S300), described above in relation to Figure 10, acts on the SPL file.

5 The SPL file 500 contains, before processing by the method according to the invention, a list of paths to the EMF files containing the graphical orders corresponding to the pages of a computer document containing n pages, to be printed. This list contains the paths "@" in increasing order of the pages, from page 1 to page n (from the start of the data area of the SPL file to the end of it).

10 The process of arranging the pages according to their content S300 is applied to the SPL file 500 as described above in relation to Figure 10.

The SPL file 700 thus modified comprises here two sub-lists of paths. The first corresponds to the EMF files containing solely orders relating to text. The second sub-list corresponds to the EMF files containing solely 15 orders relating to images.

With reference to **Figure 12**, details will now be given of the method of analysing the content of a computer document implemented by the content analysis means, thus making it possible to obtain the context data (66) relating to the content of the computer document.

20 As illustrated in detail in Figure 12, the method of analysing the content of the computer document comprises an initialisation step S120 in which indicators GRA, IM and TEX are initialised to an initial value, for example 0.

It is first of all checked, in a step S121, where there are open 25 graphical functions in the EMF file, of the type consisting of a curve, a straight line, an arc etc.

In the affirmative, in a step S122 the value of the indicator GRA is modified by associating with it for example the value 1.

Whatever the response, it is next checked, in a step S123, 30 whether there exists in the EMF file closed graphical functions of the type consisting of a circle, a rectangle, a polygon etc.

In the affirmative, in a step S124 the value of the indicator GRA is modified by associating with it for example the value 1.

Whatever the response, it is next checked, in a step S125, whether there exist representations in bitmap mode in the EMF file, signifying that an image exists.

5 In the affirmative, in a step S126, the value of the indicator IM is modified by associating with it for example the value 1.

Whatever the response, it is finally checked, in a step S127, whether there is text in the EMF file.

In the affirmative, in a step S128 the value of the indicator TEX is modified by associating with it for example the value 1.

10 The content of each EMF file is thus analysed automatically in order to know the graphical functions which are to be drawn by the printer. The above indicators GRA, TEX, IM associated with each EMF file will be used for obtaining data of the context of the printing relating to the content of the computer document. During the running of the program, these indicators are  
15 stored in the registers 5200 of the RAM 52 (Fig. 3) according to a preferred embodiment of the invention.

20 In relation to Figures 13 and 14, a description will now be given of a third example embodiment of the invention in which the process of reversing the pages according to the type of printer and of arranging the pages according to their content will be combined.

With reference to **Figure 13**, as before, from an initial computer document 50, an SPL file 500 has been obtained, containing a list 520 of paths to the SPL files containing the graphical orders by page of the document.

25 At the following step S300, the process of arranging the pages according to their content, described above in relation to Figure 9, is applied to the SPL file. An SPL file 700 is then obtained, containing sub-lists as described above.

30 **Figure 14** illustrates the processing carried out on the SPL file by applying the combination of the processes of reversal and arrangement of the pages according to their content.

The SPL file 700 of Figure 13 is illustrated in Figure 14. It can be seen that, at the end of the application of the process S300, the modified SPL

file 700 contains two sub-lists. The first contains the paths to the EMF files corresponding to the pages containing only text.

By way of example, in Figure 13, the computer document contains 16 pages. It can be seen that the first sub-list ("text only") obtained contains 5 the path to the EMF files corresponding to pages 2, 5, 6, 7, 14, 15 in this order.

The second sub-list contains paths of the EMF files of pages 1, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16. These pages contain only images. The paths are also ordered according to the logical (or natural) order of the pages in the computer document.

10 Let us return to Figure 13. At step S200, the process of reversing the pages S200 is applied to the modified SPL file 700. This time, the reversal process is applied to each of the two sub-lists of paths created at step S300, as illustrated by the expression "list = sub-list". An SPL file 800 is then obtained, containing "reversed" sub-lists.

15 The SPL file 800 is illustrated in Figure 14. The SPL file 800 still contains the two sub-lists previously obtained during application of the process 300, but the order of the paths within these sub-lists is now reversed (calculated order).

20 Thus, in this third example embodiment of the invention, the implementation of the automatic configuration method according to the invention has the automatic optimisation of the order of processing of the pages of the document by printer of the "inkjet" type, for example. So that the user can recover the text pages before the pages containing images and directly in the correct order.

25 Thus the present invention makes it possible, by judiciously intercepting the graphical orders per unitary processing sub-part of the computer document before they are translated by the driver for the computer peripheral in question, to configure the latter so that the order of processing of these unitary sub-parts is optimised according to the content of the document 30 and/or according to the functional characteristics of the peripheral.

The content of this document is also easily accessible by virtue of the analysis directly of the orders generated by the application at the time of processing by the peripheral.

The present invention thus makes it possible to automatically modify the configuration of the order of processing without acting directly on the driver.

- On a given computer, a device for the automatic configuration of  
5 the processing order in accordance with the invention can be stored in the form  
of a program for each printer accessible through this computer, either locally, or  
through the communication network.

In another embodiment, the configuration device 30 according to  
the invention can be incorporated in whole or in part in the printer, for example  
10 in the printer 14 of the communication network 1 illustrated in Figure 1.

All the means of acquiring context data, of storing graphical  
orders, of analysing the content of the document and of modifying the order of  
the preconfigured processing can be incorporated in the printer 14 and adapted  
to process the graphical orders addressed by a print manager before these  
15 graphical orders are actually translated by the driver, itself incorporated in the  
printer.

Naturally, many modifications can be made to the embodiments of  
the invention described above without departing from the scope of the  
invention.

20 Thus the processing peripheral can also be a facsimile machine or  
a modem, or a scanner.

In addition, the step of analysing the content of the document can  
include, in addition to the loading of an indicator revealing the presence of a  
type of graphical order, a step of calculating ratios, such as for example the  
25 ratio of the size of the image (in pixels) or a graphic present in the document, to  
the size of the print medium, so that, at the step of modifying the order of  
processing, this is carried out both by taking into account the value of the  
indicators but also the value of these ratios. Thus a value of the indicator IM  
equal to 1 can be ignored (that is to say the image configuration will not be  
30 chosen) if the ratio of the size of the image to the size of the paper is less than  
a certain value.

**CLAIMS**

1. Method for the automatic configuration of a computer peripheral  
5 for processing a computer document, said computer document being  
segmented into a plurality of unitary subparts for processing by said peripheral,  
said subparts being processed sequentially by said peripheral in a  
preconfigured order of processing, said method comprising the following steps:

10 - acquiring so-called context data relating to a processing context of  
said computer document, said processing context being defined by the content  
of said subparts and/or by the operating characteristics of said computer  
peripheral;

15 - testing said context data in order to determine the validity of at  
least one predetermined condition relating to said context data;

20 - modifying said pre-configured order of processing of the subparts  
of the computer document, said modification step being implemented if said at  
least one predetermined condition is determined as being valid, in order thus to  
adapt, in a manner appropriate to said processing context, the order of  
processing of the subparts of the computer document by the computer  
peripheral.

25 2. Automatic configuration method according to Claim 1, in which  
said processing of said computer document includes a step of generating the  
orders necessary to said processing and a step of translating said orders by  
means of a driver for said computer peripheral, said method being  
characterised in that it includes, prior to said step of acquiring the context data,  
the following steps:

30 - temporarily storing said orders grouped together by subparts of  
said computer document, thus forming a plurality of groups of stored orders,  
each group being associated with an access data item affording memory  
access to said group by the driver; and

- temporarily storing said access data associated with said groups of  
orders, said access data being stored in a predetermined order, said

predetermined order conditioning the preconfigured order of processing of the subparts of the computer document by the peripheral;

said method also being characterised in that said step of modifying the preconfigured order of processing of the subparts of the computer document is effected by modifying said predetermined order of said stored access data.

3. Automatic configuration method according to Claim 2, wherein each of said groups of orders is stored in a file of a first type.

4. Automatic configuration method according to Claim 2 or 3, wherein said access data are stored in a file of a second type in the form of an ordered list.

5. Automatic configuration method according to Claim 3 or 4, wherein said access data consist of access paths to said files of a first type.

6. Automatic configuration method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said context data comprise data relating to at least one functional characteristic of said computer peripheral, by means of which, when the associated predetermined condition is satisfied, said subparts of said computer document are ordered at the end of the processing in a reverse order compared with the said preconfigured processing order; and in that said step of modifying the preconfigured order of processing of the subparts of the computer document is accomplished by reversing said predetermined order of said stored access data.

7. Automatic configuration method according to any one of Claims 2 to 6, wherein said context data comprise data indicative of the type of content of said subparts of said computer document, and in that said step of modifying the preconfigured order of processing of the subparts of the computer document is accomplished by the grouping together of said access data stored as a function of the type of orders contained in the corresponding stored group of orders, so that the subparts of the computer document whose content is faster to process by means of said computer peripheral are processed before the subparts whose content is slower to process.

8. Automatic configuration method according to Claim 7 when it is dependent on Claim 4, wherein said grouping together of said stored access

data is effected by the creation of sub-lists in said ordered list contained in said file of a second type.

9. Automatic configuration method according to Claim 7 or 8,  
wherein said step of acquiring data is preceded by a step of analysing the  
5 content of said subparts of said computer document, so as to obtain said context data relating to the content of the said computer document.

10. Automatic configuration method according to Claim 9, wherein  
said step of analysing the content of said subparts of said computer document  
is implemented by the analysis of the orders contained in said groups of stored  
10 orders associated with said subparts of the computer document.

11. Automatic configuration method according to Claim 9 or 10,  
wherein the temporary storage step is adapted to store graphical orders and the  
analysis step includes the following substeps:

- 15        - seeking the existence or not of open graphical functions;  
            - seeking the existence of not of closed graphical functions;  
            - seeking the existence or not of bitmap mode representations; and  
            - seeking the existence or not of text functions.

12. Method for the automatic configuration of a computer peripheral  
for processing a computer document, said computer document being  
20 segmented into a plurality of unitary subparts for processing by said peripheral,  
said subparts being processed sequentially by said peripheral in a pre-  
configured order of processing, said method comprising the following steps:

- 25        - acquiring so-called context data relating to the type of information  
            contained in said unitary subparts, said context data defining a processing  
            context ;  
            - testing said context data in order to determine the validity of at  
            least one predetermined condition relating to said context data;  
            - modifying said pre-configured order of processing of the subparts  
            of the computer document, said modification step being implemented if said at  
30        least one predetermined condition is determined as being valid, in order thus to  
            adapt, in a manner appropriate to the processing context, the order of  
            processing of the subparts of the computer document by the computer  
            peripheral.

13. Automatic configuration method according to Claim 12, wherein the type of information contained in said unitary subparts, is text, image, or graphics, or a combination thereof.

14. Device for the automatic configuration of a computer peripheral  
5 for processing a computer document, said computer document being segmented into a plurality of unitary subparts for processing by said peripheral, said subparts being processed sequentially by said peripheral in a pre-configured order of processing, said device comprising:

- means of acquiring so-called context data relating to a processing  
10 context of said computer document, said processing context being defined by the content of said subparts and/or by the operating characteristics of said computer peripheral;

- means of testing said context data in order to determine the validity of at least one predetermined condition relating to said context data;

15 - means of modifying said preconfigured order of processing of the subparts of the computer document, said modification step being implemented if said at least one predetermined condition is determined as being valid, in order thus to adapt, in a manner appropriate to said processing context, the order of processing of the subparts of the computer document by the computer  
20 peripheral.

16. Automatic configuration device according to Claim 13, wherein the means of acquiring context data include:

- means of analysing the content of said subparts of said computer document; and

25 - means of acquiring operating characteristics of said computer peripheral.

17. Automatic configuration device according to Claim 14 or 15, wherein said processing includes a step of generating the orders necessary to said processing and a step of translating said orders by means of a driver for  
30 the said computer peripheral, said device comprising:

- means of temporarily storing said orders, said orders being grouped together by subpart of said computer document, thus forming a

plurality of groups of stored orders, each group being associated with an access data item affording memory access to said group by the driver; and

5 - means of temporarily storing said access data associated with said groups of orders, said means being adapted to store said access data in a predetermined order, said predetermined order conditioning the preconfigured order of processing of the subparts of the computer document by the peripheral.

10 17. Automatic configuration device according to Claim 16, wherein the temporary storage means are intended to store graphical orders and the means of analysing the content of the subparts of the computer document are adapted to seek the existence or otherwise of open graphical functions, closed graphical functions, point mode representations and text functions.

15 18. Automatic configuration device according to any one of Claims 14 to 17, incorporated into a microprocessor, a read only memory being adapted to store a program for automatically configuring a peripheral for processing a computer document, and a random access memory containing registers for storing the variables modified during the running of said program.

19. Automatic configuration device according to any one of Claims 14 to 18, wherein the processing peripheral is a printer.

20 20. Automatic configuration device according to one of Claims 14 to 18, wherein the processing peripheral is a facsimile machine.

21. Computer comprising means adapted to implement an automatic configuration method according to any one of Claims 1 to 13.

22. Computer comprising an automatic configuration device according to any one of Claims 14 to 20.

23. Computer communication network, including at least one computer and a peripheral for processing a computer document connected to said computer via the network, said computer comprising a configuration device according to any one of Claims 14 to 20.

30 24. Computer communication network, including at least one computer and a peripheral for processing a computer document connected to said computer via the network, said computer comprising a configuration device according to any one of Claims 14 to 20.

25. System for acquiring data forming a computer document, said system comprising means adapted to implement an automatic configuration method according to any one of Claims 1 to 13.

26. System for acquiring data forming a computer document, said  
5 system comprising a configuration device according to any one of Claims 14 to 20.

27. Printer comprising means adapted to implement an automatic configuration method according to any one of Claims 1 to 13.

28. Printer comprising a configuration device according to any one  
10 of Claims 14 to 20.

29. Facsimile machine comprising means adapted to implement an automatic configuration method according to any one of Claims 1 to 13.

30. Facsimile machine comprising a configuration device according to any one of Claims 14 to 20.

15 31. A computer program product stored on a computer usable medium, comprising computer readable program means for causing a computer to perform an automatic configuration method according to any one of Claims 1 to 13.

## **TITLE of the INVENTION**

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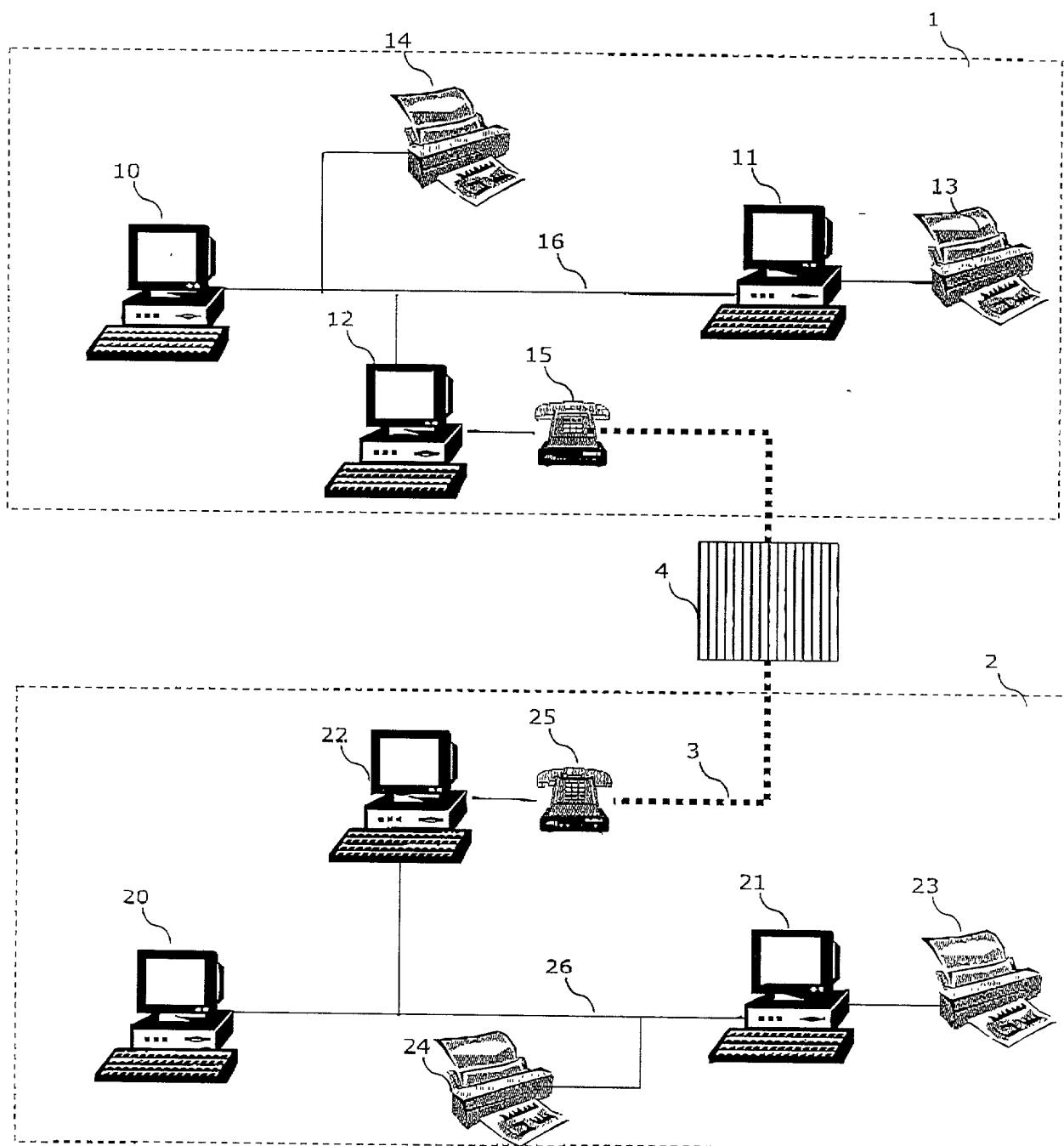
"Method and device for the automatic configuration of a peripheral for processing a computer document"

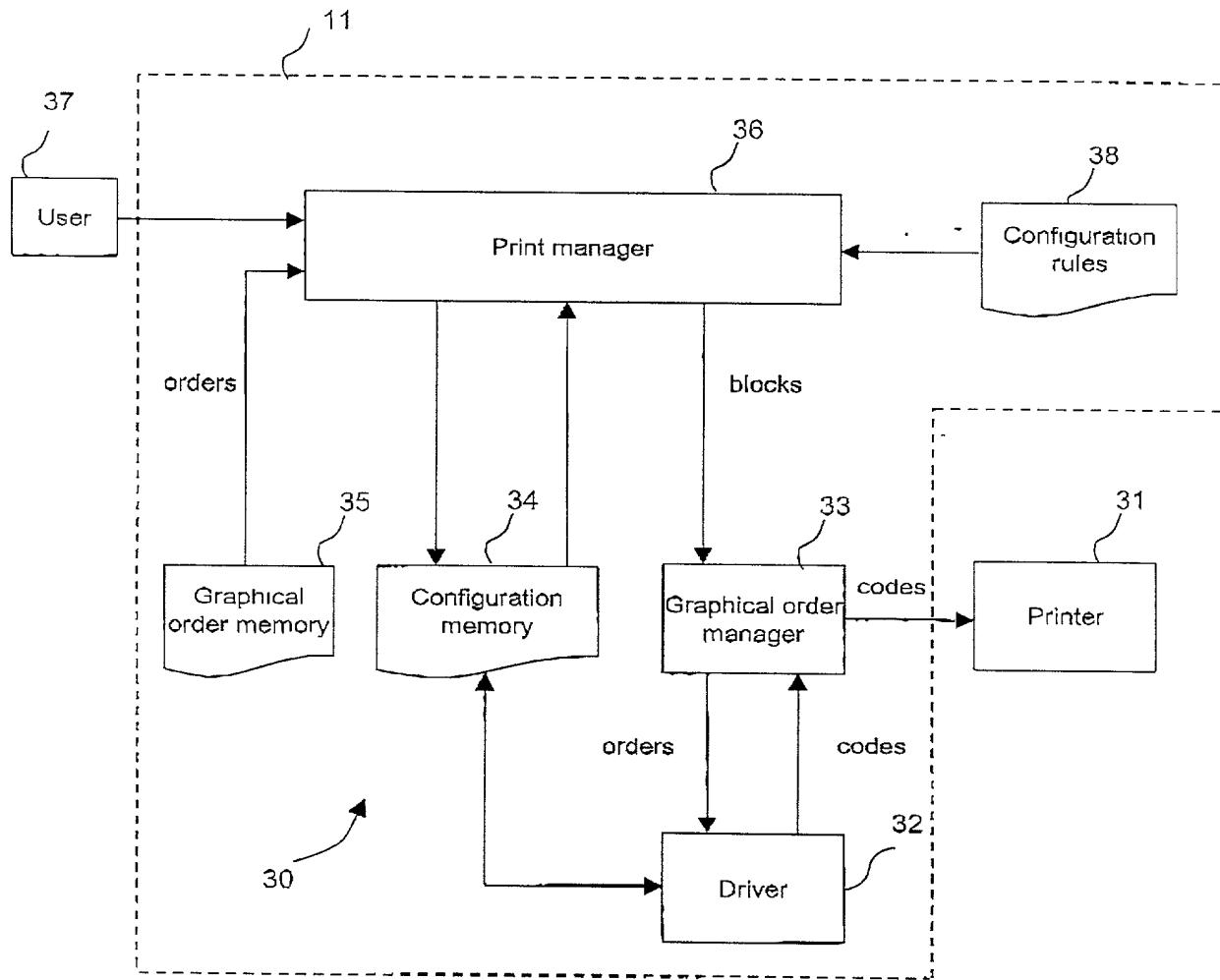
## **TEXT of the ABSTRACT**

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A method for the automatic configuration of a computer peripheral for processing a computer document segmented into a plurality of unitary subparts for processing by the peripheral, which includes the steps of acquiring data relating to the processing context; of testing the context data in order to determine the validity of at least one predetermined condition relating to the context data; of modifying the preconfigured order of processing of the subparts of the computer document by means of the computer peripheral, the modification step being implemented if at least one predetermined condition is determined as being valid, in order thus to adapt, in a manner appropriate to the processing context, the order of processing of the subparts of the computer document by the computer peripheral.

(Figure 4)

**Figure 1**

**Figure 2**

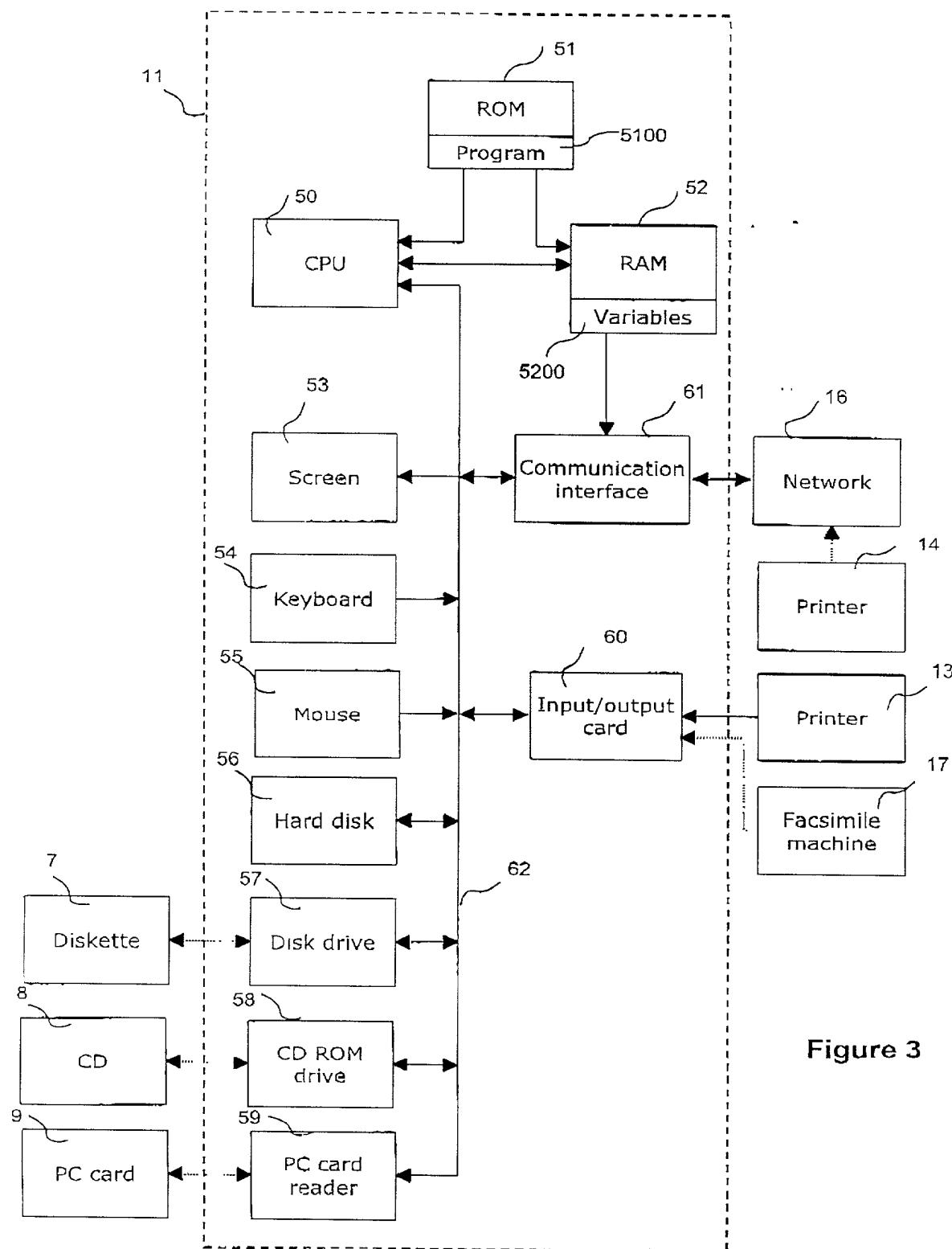


Figure 3

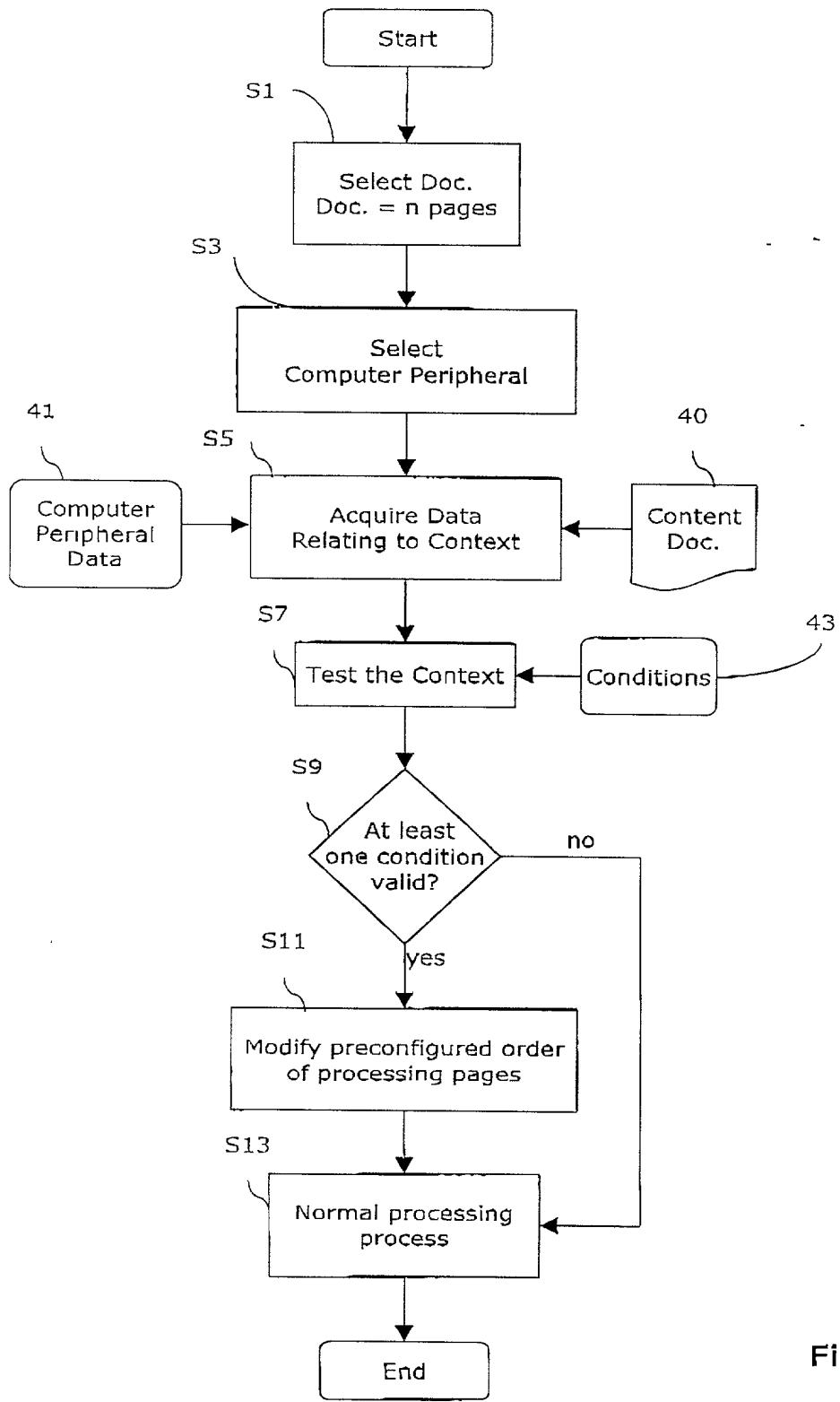


Figure 4

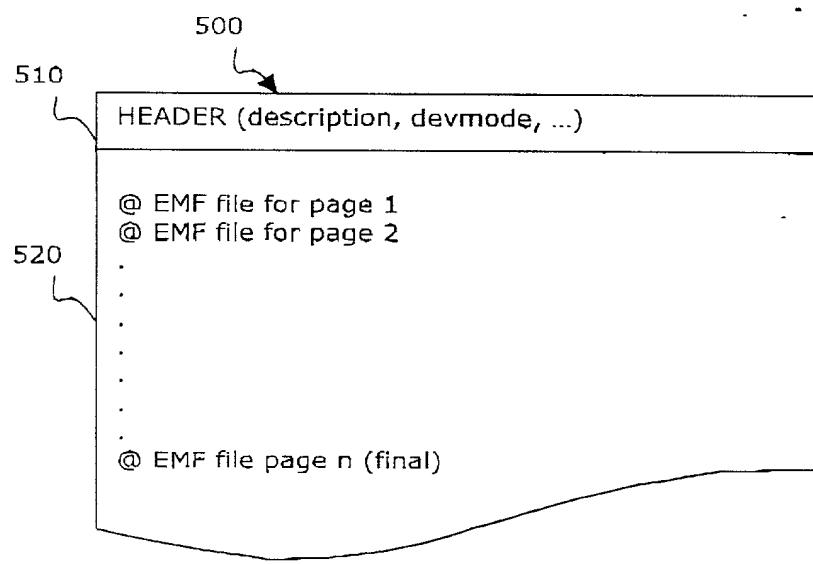


Figure 5

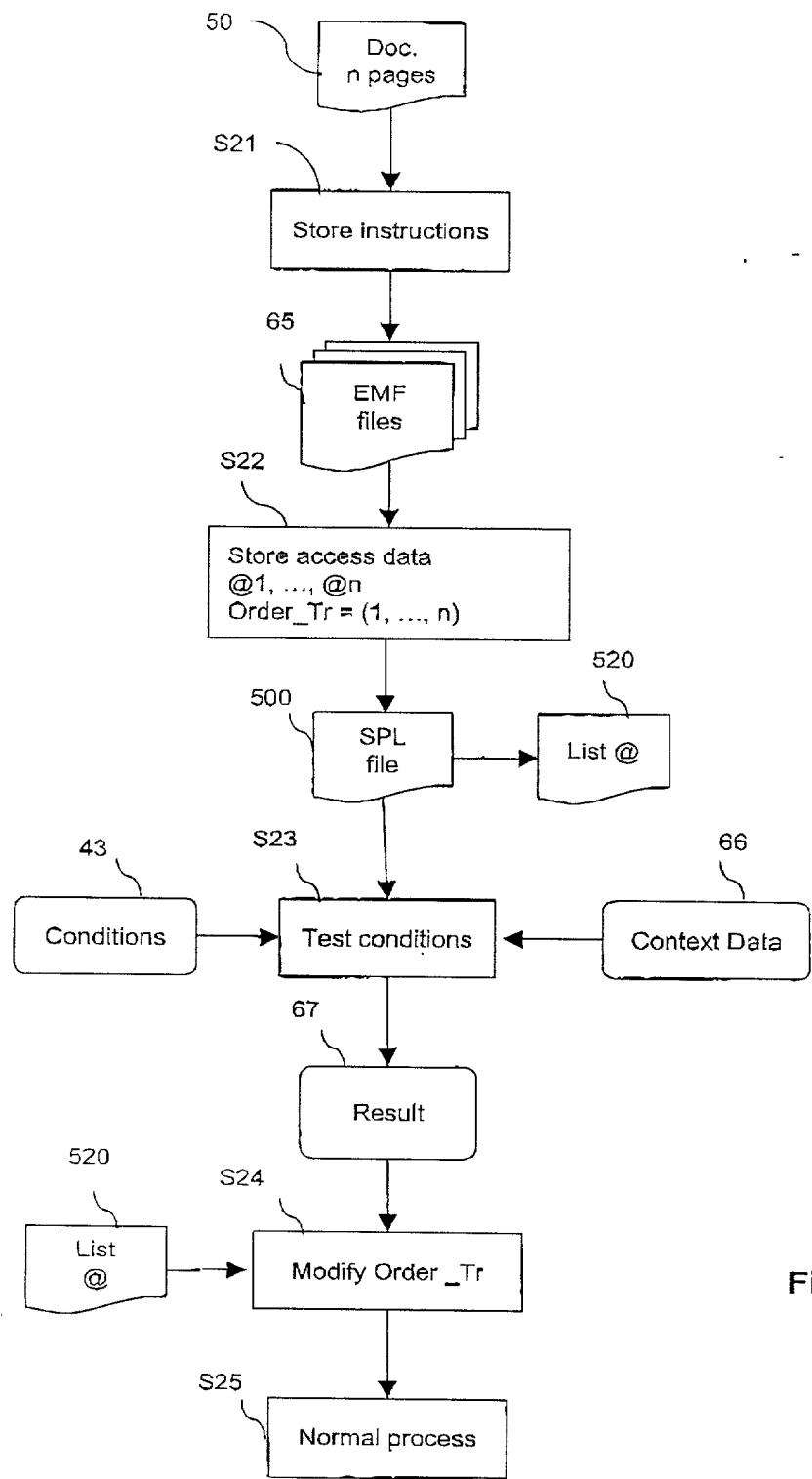


Figure 6

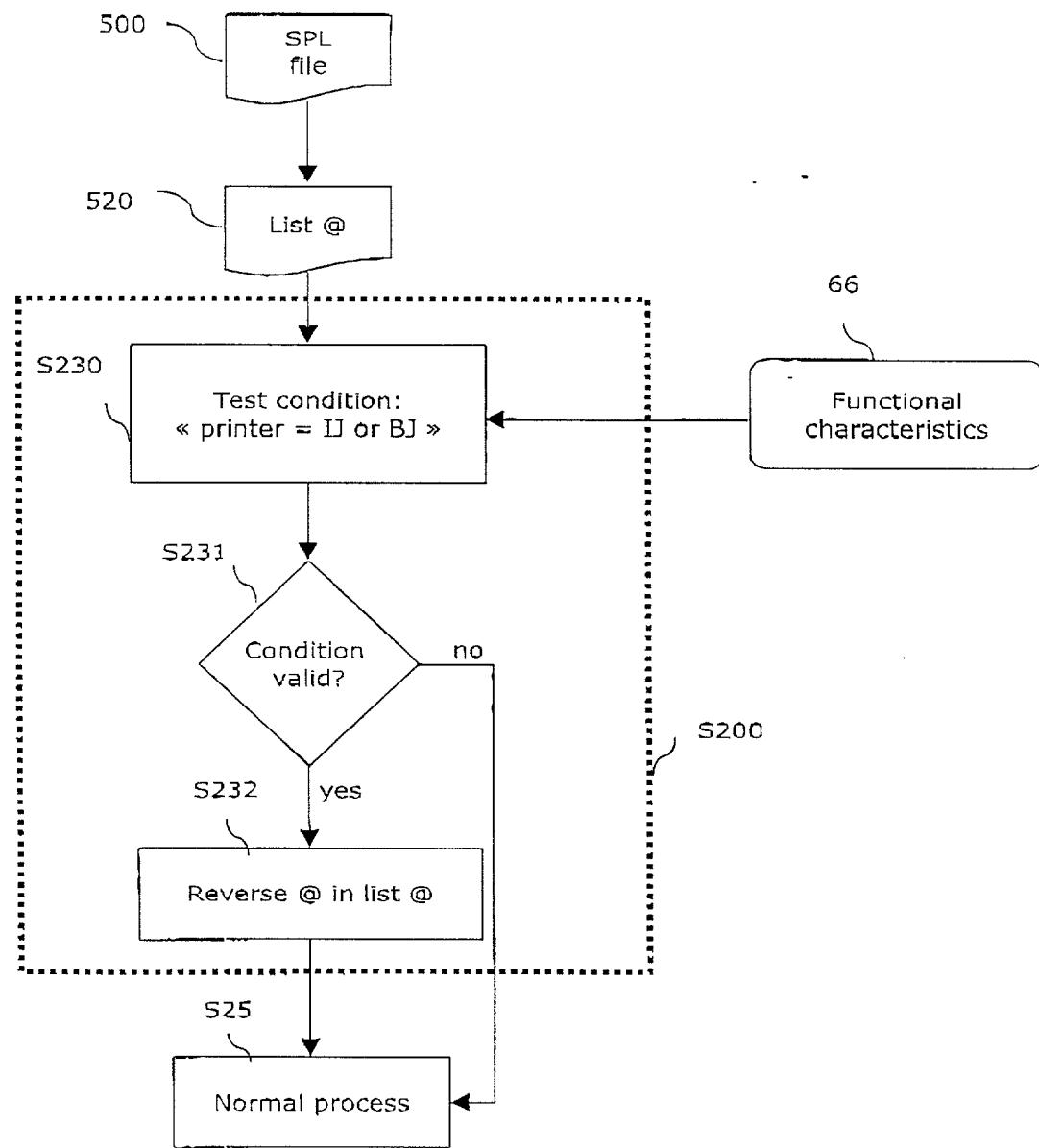


Figure 7

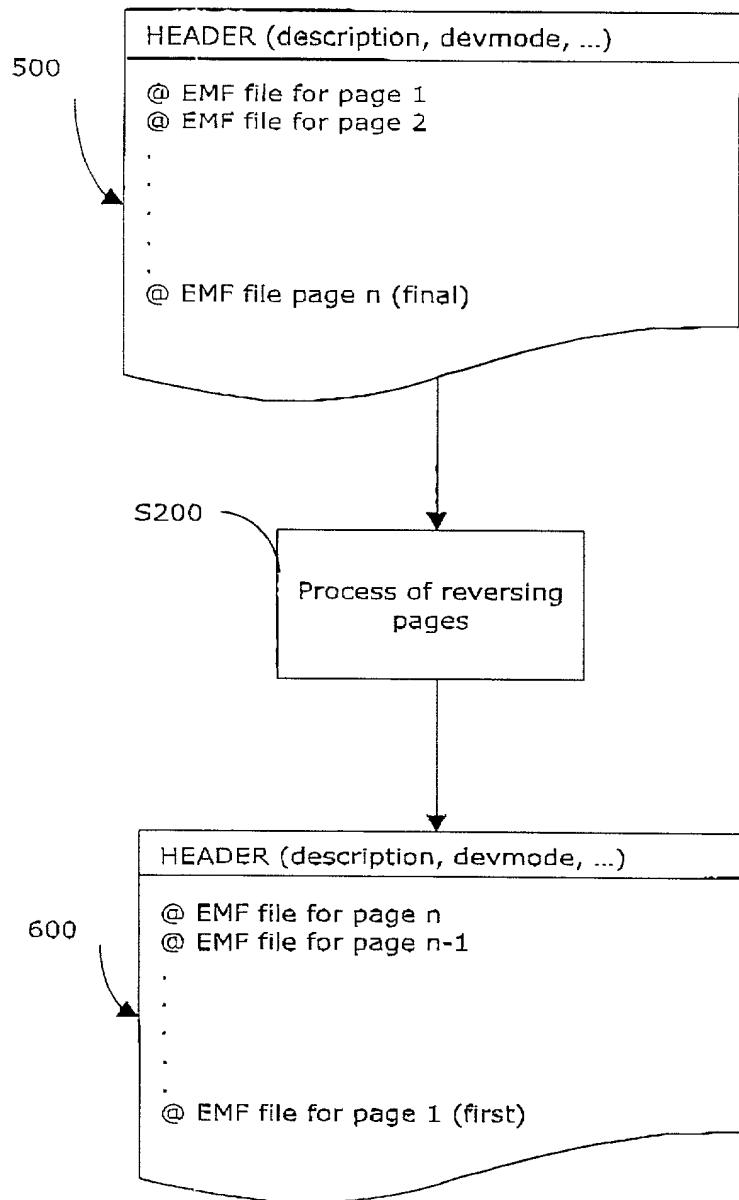


Figure 8

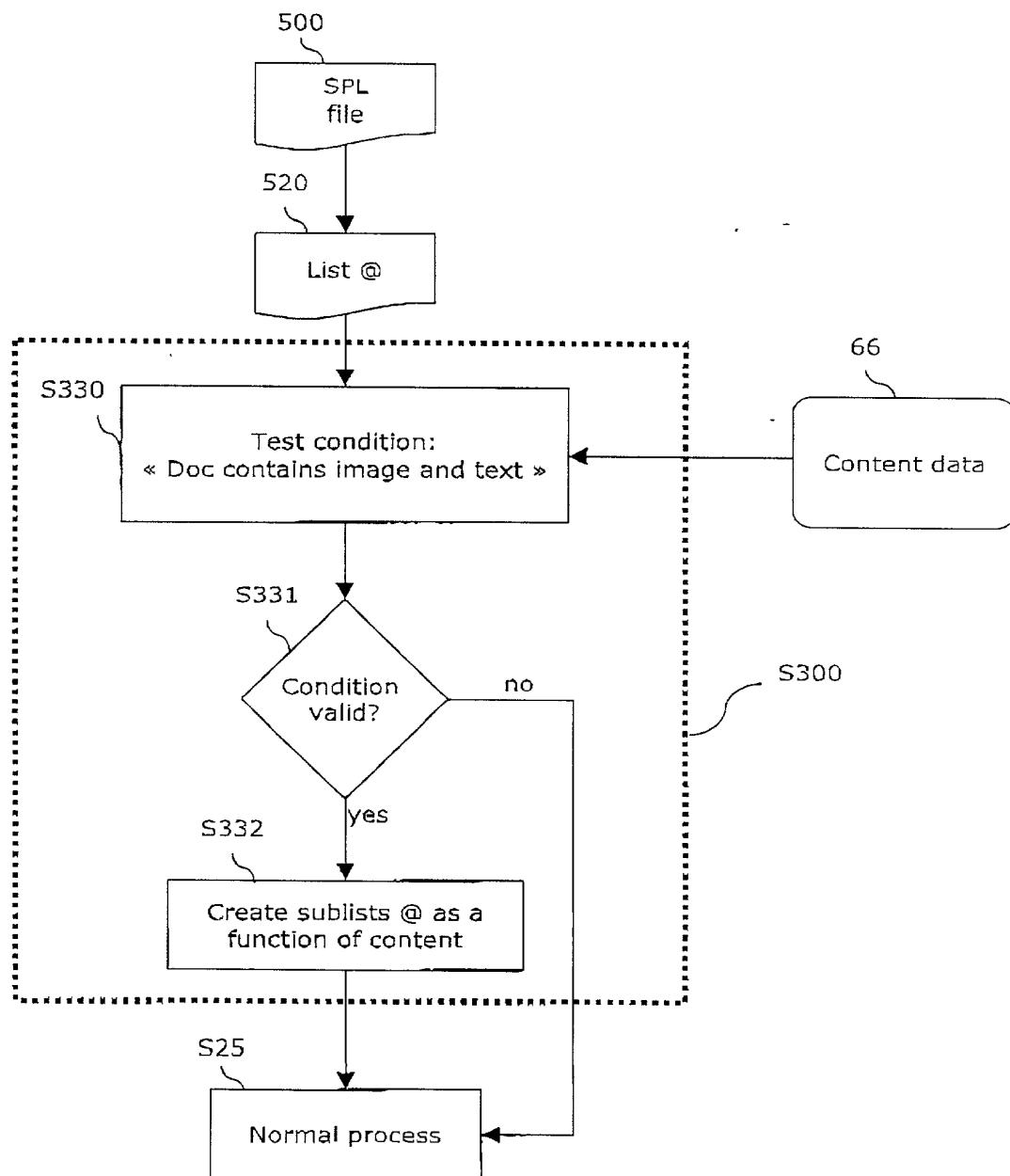


Figure 9

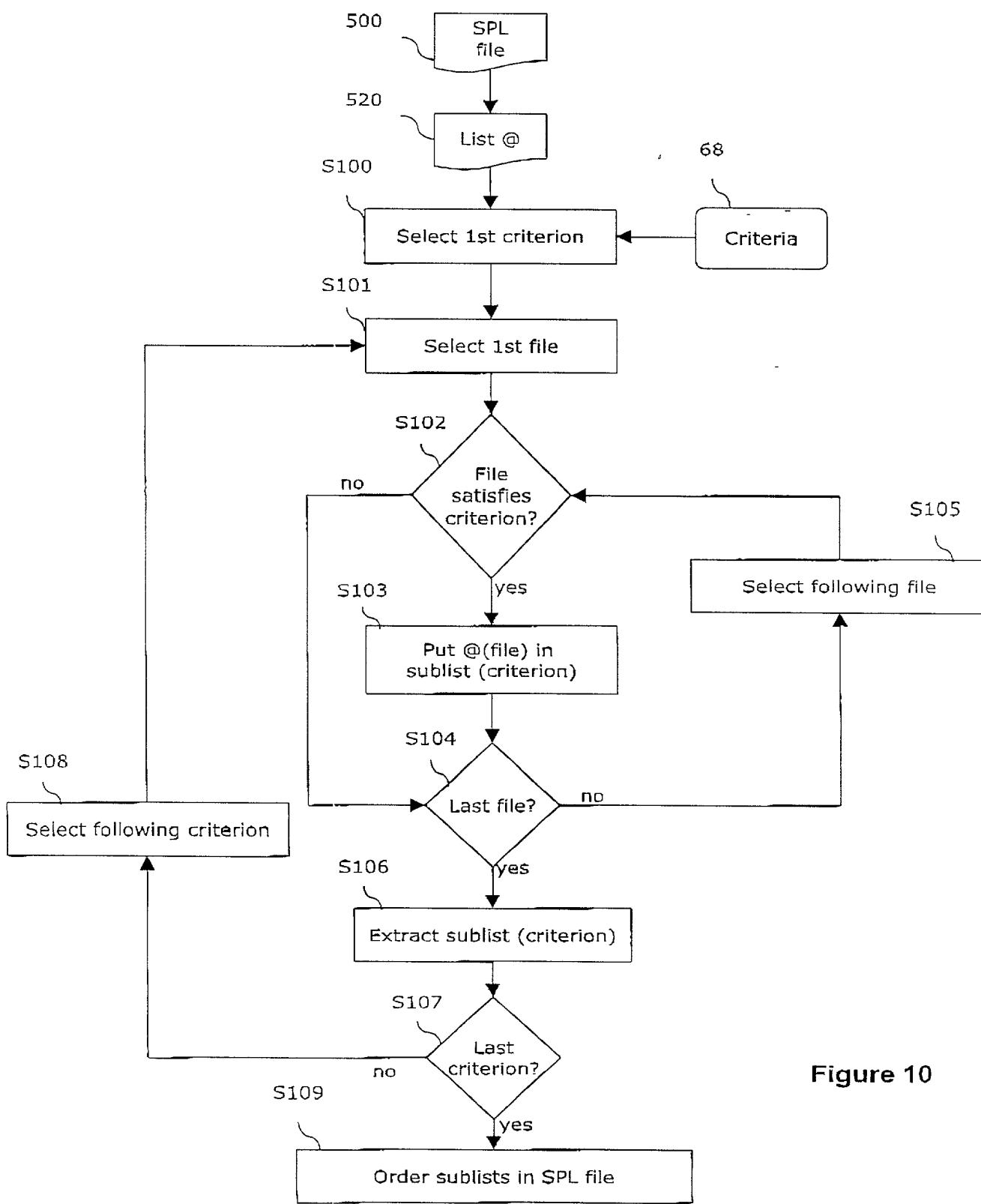


Figure 10

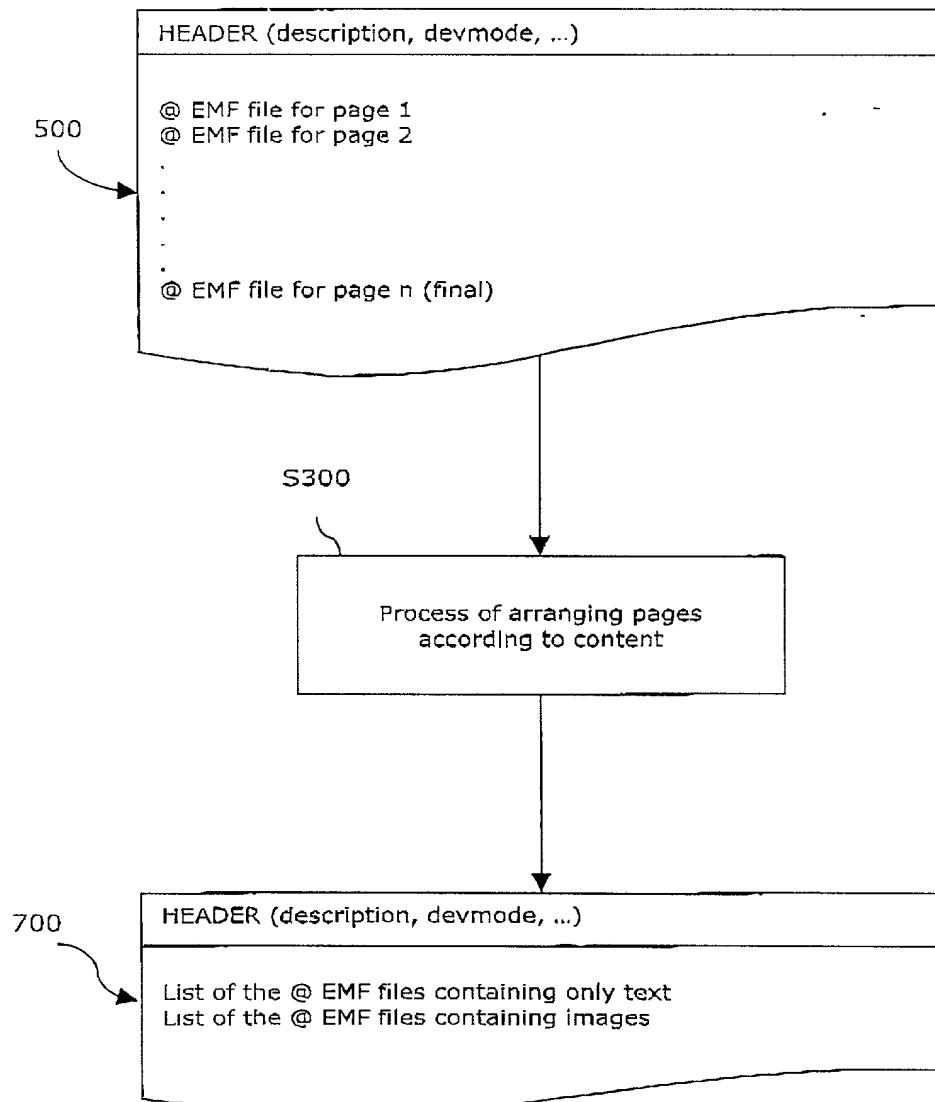


Figure 11

12/14

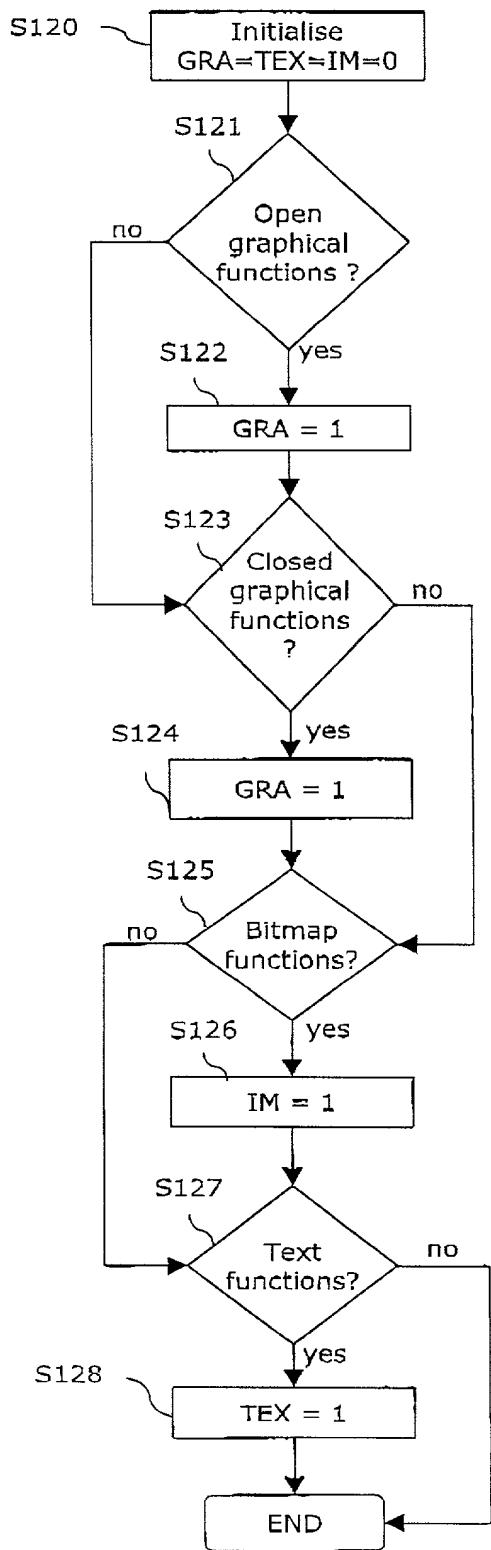


Figure 12

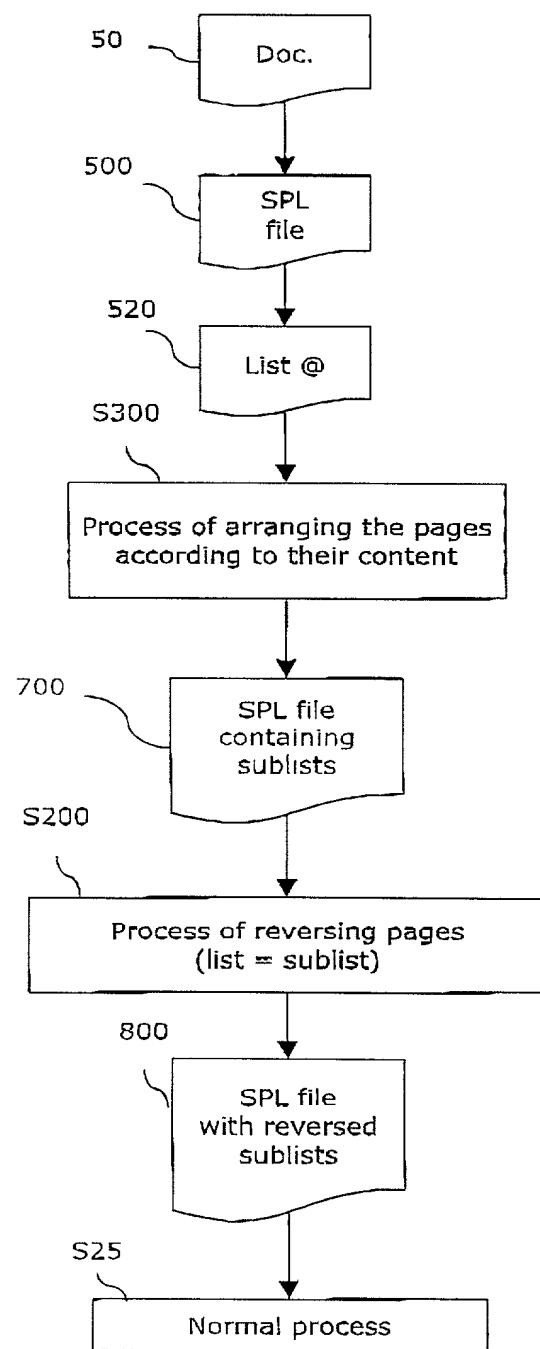


Figure 13

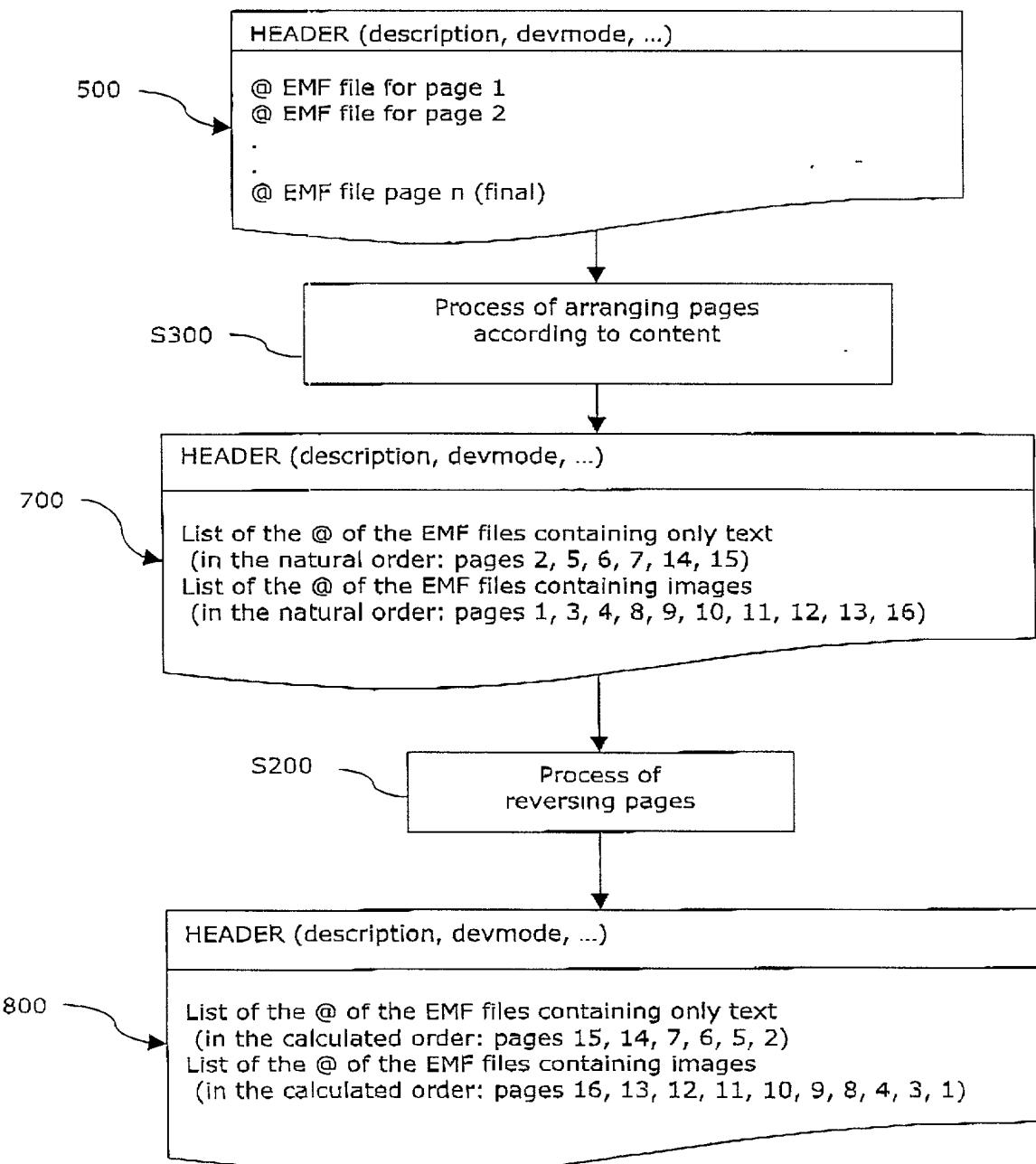


Figure 14